(XLIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2212.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1789.

WARSAW, *March* 4.

LETTERS from Moldavia and Wallachia advise, that the Turks are assembling on the frontiers in great bodies. A corps, consisting of some thousands of infantry, are in the neighbourhood of Foksan and Kimnick. Notwithstanding, it is still said, that endeavours are making for bringing about preliminaries of peace between the two imperial courts and the Sublime Porte.

It is here strongly reported, that a congress will soon be held at Berlin, for the purpose of re-establishing peace between the belligerent powers.

Letters from Smyrna, of the 18th of February, inform us, that the Turks have already begun to make incursions on our frontiers, but have hitherto reaped no advantage.

LEGHORN, *March* 4.

The regency of Algiers has, we learn, ordered eight xebecks and two barques to be armed immediately, which, at the end of this month, are to sail to the Archipelago, to execute certain orders already sent by the Porte.

LONDON, *March* 17.

Extract of a letter from Colebrook-dale, dated March 9, 1789.

IRON BARGE.

"Much have the legends said about iron ships, and these tales are now shewn to be possible, (however we may doubt the probability of their former existence). A short time since was launched a fifty ton vessel, completely built of cast iron. She appeared when at anchor, the most complete, light, and elegant vessel ever seen on the Severn, and much merit is due to the fabricators, but unfortunately the back bond being too broad, she does not always answer the helm.

"Another is now on the stocks; as the error will be avoided, it is probable we may have strong useful barges at one half the moderate price."

March 21. A singular cause will be tried the ensuing term, which promises much entertainment to the gentlemen of the Long Robe; the circumstances which gave rise to this curious action are nearly as follow:—*A soldier* having obtained a *furlough* to visit his friends in a distant county at the commencement of the late severe frost, having exceeded the limited time of his absence from his regiment, the agent advertised him as a *deserter*, with an additional reward for lodging his *body* in any of his majesty's *gaols*: a York *waggoner* accidentally found the poor fellow *frozen to death*, and having seen the reward offered, actually conveyed the deceased to a neighbouring prison, and demanded payment of the agent, who of course refused. Upon this ground the waggoner brings his action of recovery.

At the court at Kew, the 13th of March, 1789.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an act passed in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of his present majesty, entitled, "An act for regulating the trade between the subjects of his majesty's colonies and plantations in North-America, and in the West India islands, and the countries belonging to the United States of America; and between his majesty's said subjects and the foreign islands in the West-Indies," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for his majesty in council, by order or orders, to be issued and published from time to time, to authorise, or by warrant or warrants under his sign manual, to empower the governor of Newfoundland for the time being to authorise, in case of necessity, the importation into Newfoundland of bread, flour, Indian corn, and live stock, from any of the territories belonging to the said United States, for the supply of the inhabitants and fishermen of the island of Newfoundland, for the then ensuing season only; provided always that such bread, flour, Indian corn, and live stock, so authorised to be imported into the island of Newfoundland, shall not be imported, except in conformity to such rules, regulations and restrictions as shall be specified in such order or orders, warrant or warrants respectively, and except by British subjects, and in British built ships, owned by his majesty's subjects, and navigated according to law: And whereas it is expedient and necessary that provision be made for fully supplying the inhabitants and fishermen of the island of Newfoundland for the ensuing season with bread, flour, and Indian corn; his majesty doth thereupon, by and with the advice of his privy council, hereby order and declare, that for the supply of the inhabitants and fishermen of the island of Newfoundland, for the ensuing season only, bread, flour, and Indian corn, be imported into the said island from any of the territories belonging to the United States, by British subjects, and in British built ships, owned by his majesty's subjects, and navigated according to law, and which shall, within the space of seven months previous to the time of such importation, have cleared out from some port in Great-Britain, or some other port of his majesty's dominions in Europe, for which purpose a licence shall have been granted by the commissioners of his majesty's customs in England or Scotland, or the commissioners of his majesty's revenue in Ireland, or any other person or persons who may be duly authorised in that kingdom respectively, in the manner and form hereinafter mentioned; which licences shall continue and be in force for seven calendar months from the day of the date upon which they are respectively granted, and no longer; provided that no such licence as aforesaid, granted after the 30th day of June, 1789, shall be of any force or effect: And his majesty is hereby further pleased to order, that the master or person having the charge or command of any ship or vessel to whom such licence shall be granted, shall, upon the arrival of the said ship or vessel at the port, harbour, or place in the island of Newfoundland, where he shall discharge such bread, flour, or Indian corn, deliver up the said licence to the collector or other proper officer of the customs there, having first endorsed on the back of such licence the marks, numbers, and contents of each package of bread, flour, or Indian corn, under the penalty of the forfeiture in the said act mentioned. And the collector or other proper officer of the customs at Newfoundland is hereby enjoined and required to give a certificate to the master or person having the charge or command of such ship or vessel, of his having received the said licence, so endorsed as before directed, and to transmit the same to the commissioners of his majesty's customs in England or Scotland, or to the commissioners of his majesty's revenue in Ireland respectively, by whom such licence was granted.

March 27. The French ambassador has just received letters from his court, in which their most christian majesties express their warmest congratulations upon the recovery of our most gracious sovereign, and desire that his excellency will shew every possible respect and joy upon the ensuing occasion; and that the expence may be no object of consideration, they have ordered it to be placed to their majesties. On this information the count de Luzerne waited upon lady Harcourt, and requested her lady ship to acquaint their majesties of the intention of his court.

BOSTON, *May* 18.

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar, January 2.

"Owing to the declared enmity of the emperor of Morocco, and the implacable resentment of the court of Madrid against this garrison, the communication with Spain has not been opened since the conclusion of the war, and all intercourse with Barbary has ceased for ten months past. These circumstances have deprived us of all supplies from these parts, and occasioned a scarcity, amounting to almost a total want of fresh provisions, to the very great distress of every individual in the garrison.—The private soldiers have not tasted fresh meat for more than ten months past, and the dreadful effects of the scurvy are with two much cause expected and apprehended.

NEWBURY-PORT, *May* 6.

Last Sunday John Tracy, Esq; arrived at this place from the city of Marietta. The accounts he gives of that country are very flattering and encouraging, as well to the new settlers as to those who wish to emigrate. The Indians are entirely at peace. He took with him up to Fort-Pitt, 2 warriors, and 10 others of the Seneca tribe, among whom was the old sachem, Guisota: They behaved very friendly and peaceably, and appeared to be much attached to their new acquaintance. This gentleman has made, during the winter, such improvements in that country, as convince us that he will make but a short tarry with us: and he has informed his friends, that he shall not, at the ensuing election vote for a representative—considering himself as a subject of the western territory.—He left that country the 18th of March. The inhabitants were very industrious in gardening, ploughing, &c. The maple-trees were then in bloom.

NORWICH, *May* 1.

A gentleman from Wyoming informs, that the four Indians which fired on major John Jenkins, and three others, near the Lakes, as mentioned in our last, were overtaken by the Indians that went in quest of them, brought back and delivered up to our people, who intended to send them to Tryon (in the state of New-York) to be tried for their lives by the civil authority, but the prisoners requested a trial by their own chiefs, who condemned them to be tomahawked by the three surviving men that they fired upon, and the sentence was put in execution the 2d of April last.

NEW-YORK, *May* 21.

An ACT for laying a duty on GOODS, WARES and MERCHANDISES, imported into the UNITED STATES.

WHEREAS it is necessary for the support of government, and the encouragement and protection of manufactures, that duties be laid on goods, wares and merchandises, imported:

BE it enacted by the congress of the United States, That from and after the fifteenth day of June next ensuing, the several duties hereinafter mentioned, shall be laid on the following goods, wares and merchandises, imported into the United States, from any foreign port or place, that is to say——

	Cents.
On all distilled spirits of Jamaica proof, imported from the European dominions of any state or kingdom, having a commercial treaty with the United States, per gallon	12
On all other distilled spirits, imported from the European dominions of such state or kingdom, per gallon	10
On all distilled spirits of Jamaica proof, imported from any other kingdom or country whatsoever, per gallon	15
On all other distilled spirits per gallon	12
On molasses per gallon	5
On Madeira wine per gallon	25
On all other wines per gallon	15
On every gallon of beer, ale or porter, in casks	8
On all cider, beer, ale or porter, in bottles, per dozen	25
On malt per bushel	10
On brown sugars per pound	1
On loaf sugars per lb.	3
On all other sugars per lb.	1½
On coffee per lb.	2½
On cocoa per lb.	1
On all candles of tallow per lb.	2
On all candles of wax or spermaceti per lb.	6
On cheese per lb.	4
On soap per lb.	2
On boots per pair	30
On all shoes, slippers or goloshoes, made of leather, per pair	7
On all shoes or slippers made of silk or stuff per pair	10
On cables for every 112 lb.	75
On tarred cordage for every 112 lb.	75
On untarred ditto, and yarn for every 112 lb.	90
On twine or packthread, for every 112 lb.	200
On all steel unwrought, for every 112 lb.	56
On all nails and spikes per lb.	1
On salt per bushel	6
On manufactured tobacco per lb.	6
On snuff per lb.	10
On wool and cotton cards per dozen	50
On coal per bushel	3
On pickled fish per barrel	75
On dried fish per quintal	50
On all teas imported from China or India, in ships built in the United States, and belonging to a citizen or citizens thereof, as follows:	
On bohea tea per lb.	6
On all souchong or other black teas per lb.	10
On all hyson teas per lb.	20
On all other green teas per lb.	10
On all teas imported from any country other than China or India, in any ship or vessel whatsoever, or from China or India in any ship or vessel, which is not wholly the property of a citizen or citizens of the United States, as follows:—	
On bohea tea per lb.	10
On all souchong or other black teas per lb.	15
On all hyson teas per lb.	30
On all other green teas per lb.	18
On all looking glasses, window and other glass, except black quart bottles, ten per centum ad valorem.	
On all China, stone, and earthen ware, ten per centum ad valorem.	
On all blank books	Seven and an half per centum ad valorem.
On all writing, printing, or wrapping paper, paper hangings and pasteboard	
On all cabinet wares	
On all buttons of metal	
On all saddles	
On all gloves of leather	
On all hats of beaver, fur, wool, or mixture of either	
On all millinery ready made	
On all castings of iron, and upon slit and rolled iron	
On all leather, tanned or tawed, and all manufacture of leather, except such as shall be otherwise rated	
On canes, walking sticks and whips	
On cloathing ready made	
On all brushes	
On gold, silver, and plated ware, and on jewellery and paste work	
On anchors	
On all wrought tin and pewter ware	

On every coach, chariot, or other four wheel carriage, and on every chaise, solo, or other two wheel carriage, or parts thereof, fifteen per centum ad valorem.

On all other goods, wares and merchandiſes, five per centum on the value thereof, at the time and place of importation, except as follows:—

Salt-petre, tin in pigs, tin plates, lead, old pewter, braſs, iron and braſs wire, copper in plates, wool, dying woods, and dying drugs (other than indigo) raw hides, beaver, and all other furs, and deer ſkins.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt day of December, which ſhall be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety, there ſhall be laid a duty on every one hundred and twelve pounds weight of hemp imported as aforeſaid, of ſixty cents.

And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That all the duties paid, or ſecured to be paid, upon any of the goods, wares and merchandiſes, as aforeſaid, ſhall be returned or diſcharged upon ſuch of the ſaid goods, wares or merchandiſes, as ſhall, within twelve months after payment made, or ſecurity given, be exported to any country without the limits of the United States, except one per centum on the amount of the ſaid duties, in conſideration of the expence which ſhall have accrued by the entry and ſafe-keeping thereof.

And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be allowed and paid on every quintal of dried and on every barrel of pickled fiſh, of the fiſheries of the United States, and on every barrel of ſalted proviſion of the United States, exported to any country without the limits thereof, in lieu of a drawback of the duties impoſed on the importation of the ſalt employed and expended therein, viz.

On every quintal of dried fiſh	5 cents.
On every barrel of pickled fiſh	5 cents.
On every barrel of ſalted proviſion	5 cents.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be allowed and paid on every gallon of rum diſtilled within the United States, and exported beyond the limits of the ſame, in conſideration of the duty on the importation of the molaſſes, from which the ſaid rum ſhall have been diſtilled, five cents.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That a diſcount of ten per cent. on all the duties impoſed by this act, ſhall be allowed on ſuch goods, wares and merchandiſes, as ſhall be imported in veſſels built in the United States, and which ſhall be wholly the property of a citizen or citizens thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That this act ſhall continue and be in force until the firſt day of June, which ſhall be in the year of our Lord 1796, and from thence until the end of the next ſucceeding ſeſſion of congreſs, which ſhall be held thereafter, and no longer.

1789, May 16.

Read the third time and paſſed the houſe of repreſentatives.

JOHN BECKLEY, Clerk.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, *February* 24.

David Sheſhane was brought to the bar, and indicted for a ſtreet robbery on Alexander Shaw. The proſecutor, a ſailor, depoſed—that on the 14th of the month between the hours of twelve and one in the morning, he, in company with James Scott, a witneſs, was ſuddenly knocked down and robbed of his watch by the priſoner, in Plough-Court, Radcliff Highway.

James Scott, the witneſs, a Scotch ſailor, gave a very humorous account of the robbery, in a very grave manner; he ſaid, that the priſoner bore down upon the proſecutor, and gave him a broadſide, in Plough-Court, and then ſheered off, that the proſecutor piped all hands, when he was laid keel upwards, that the priſoner ran right before the wind, to whom he gave chaſe, but the priſoner tacked to the ſtarboard, and he the witneſs haul'd his wind, that another frigate coming up, ran along ſide of the priſoner, poured in his whole broadſide, and made him ſtrike, but that he, Scott, was entitled to his prize money, having never loſt ſight of the priſoner during the chaſe.

Scott's evidence created a deal of diverſion in the court; nor could the judges refrain their riſible faculties, on the terra-marine deſcription. As he was confirmed by another witneſs in a more intelligible dialect, but who ſtill added that the proſecutor was half ſeas over, the priſoner was convicted; but recommended to mercy by the judge.

AUGUSTA, *April* 4.

Several ſmall parties of Indians have been lately in the counties of Franklin and Greene ſtealing horſes. The inhabitants, in attempting to recover their property, have unavoidably had ſeveral ſkirmiſhes with them, and ſome blood has been ſpilt on both ſides: but our accounts are two vague to venture on particulars. It muſt, however, be obſerved, that it is a ſtrange way of preſerving a truce, to ſend armed plunderers into the adverſe country; and, when they are attacked a great cry is made againſt the back people!

SAVANNAH, *April* 16.

His honour the governor, on the 10th inſt. iſſued a proclamation, notifying that the 8th of June next be the time, and the ſouth margin of the Oconee river, oppoſite to the Rock Landing, the place for holding a treaty with the Creek Indians; and enjoining and requiring that the truce heretofore agreed on, be inviolably preſerved on the part of this ſtate.

April 30. We hear that laſt Saturday ſe'nnight, at Skull creek, ſouth ſide of Ogechee river, Mrs. Mills, and her two infant children, were murdered by the Indians. Between 10 and 11 o'clock at night, Mrs. Mills, hearing a noiſe among the poultry, went into the yard, where ſhe was immediately ſhot down; a young woman of the name of Meazle hid herſelf under a bed, by which means ſhe ſaved her life; her ſiſter and Mr. Mills eſcaped out of a window; the Indians, (in number 9 or 10) on entering the houſe, ſeized the two infants, one of whom they trod to death with their feet, the other they ſhot with arrows. On going away they left five bows and a number of arrows behind them. We give the above as reports, and ſincerely wiſh they may only prove to be ſuch. But we have it from good authority that laſt week ſome houſes were burnt, and an old negro wench killed at Brunſwick, in Glynn county, it is ſuppoſed by Indians, the tracks of a number of horſes were perceived in and near the place.

BALTIMORE, *May* 26.

From the New-York Daily Advertiſer.

EAST-INDIA INTELLIGENCE.

The ſhip Cheſapeake, from Bengal, John O'Donnel, Eſq; owner and commander, has brought a valuable cargo, conſiſting of almoſt every production and manufacture of Aſia. He has had a very quick paſſage, being only four months, including five or ſix days ſtay at the iſlands of St. Helena and Aſcention, from Bengal. By Mr. O'Donnel's arrival we are favoured with the following intelligence:—

The Cheſapeake was the firſt American veſſel allowed to hoiſt the colours of the United States in the celebrated river Ganges, and to trade there. When lord Cornwallis, the governor-general, then at a great diſtance up the country, was applied to by letter from Calcutta, to know in what manner the Americans were to be received—his anſwer was—On the ſame footing with other nations. This anſwer being probably conformable to his inſtructions from Great-Britain, evince the friendly diſpoſition of that nation in that quarter; for the American ſhips pay no more at any of the Engliſh ſettlements of Bengal, Madraſs and Bombay, which Mr. O'Donnel viſited, than other foreigners. It is to be noticed alſo, that the ſupreme council of Bengal have taken off a heavy duty, called governmental cuſtoms, which included exports as well as imports—this duty all other nations, except the Engliſh, were liable to. That on Madeira wine was ſo high as 18 rupees the caſk; and one rupee, or 2/6 ſterling, on all wines in bottles.

All ſorts of European goods, wines, ſpirits, &c. were ſelling at the different European ſettlements in India conſiderably under prime coſt, in conſequence of the markets being overſtocked. The beſt Madeira wine would not nett twenty pounds ſterling the pipe.

Captain Kerky, in the Betſy, from Philadelphia, arrived ſafe at Bengal, but in a very leaky condition; her cargo of wine, &c. was unloading. The veſſel was to be ſold, and not to return.

Captain Randall, in the Jay, was ſafe arrived at Batavia, from Madraſs. It was ſuppoſed ſhe would winter there, and proceed early next ſeaſon to China.

Captain Metcalfe, in the brig Eleanor, belonging to New-York, lying in the river Tigris, was boarded, we underſtand, by a number of Chineſe banditti; but by the ſpirited conduct of the crew, who brought a gun, loaded with grape, to bear on them, they were repulſed with the loſs of ſome of their gang—The captain was up at Canton.

All was profound peace between the country and European powers in India, when Mr. O'Donnel ſailed. The hitherto reſtleſs and ambitious Tippoo, ſon of the famous Hyder Ally, and the Engliſh, appear heartily ſick of war, and are now fully employed in reſtoring loſt credit, and their almoſt ruined finances, by ſyſtems of reform and œconomy.

The French at Pondicherry were preparing a ſtrong armament to accompany the dethroned prince of Cochin-China, who lately viſited France, and to aſſiſt him in the recovery of his legal and hereditary kingdom.

We underſtand it is very unſafe for American veſſels to go on the coaſt of Malabar, for fear of the Mahratta fleets, who, without diſtinction, capture the ſhips of all nations with whom they have no treaty.

By captain Smith, who arrived at Boſton on the 8th inſtant, we learn, that the new adminiſtration in Spain has occaſioned the failure of a number of the firſt merchants in Cadiz, and that ſome capital French houſes have ſhared the ſame fate. An embargo has been laid on all the Spaniſh American ſhips. Permiſſion is now, however, obtained to fit out for the American ſettlements from all the capital ports in Spain. Before the late king's death it was confined to Cadiz. The preſent revolution is ſuch as to prevent any trade to the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies, as veſſels bound thither are limited to one third only of foreign produce, which formerly conſtituted the major part of their cargoes. There is at preſent a great ſtagnation of commerce in that kingdom.

ANNAPOLIS, June 4.

The ADDRESS of the SENATE to the PRESIDENT of the United States, in anſwer to his ſpeech to both houſes of congreſs.

SIR,

WE, the ſenate of the United States, return you our ſincere thanks for your excellent ſpeech delivered to both houſes of congreſs; congratulate you on the complete organization of the federal government, and felicitate ourſelves and our fellow-citizens on your elevation to the office of preſident; an office highly important by the powers conſtitutionally annexed to it and extremely honourable from the manner in which the appointment is made. The unanimous ſuffrage of the elective body in your favour is peculiarly expreſſive of the gratitude, confidence and affection, of the citizens of America, and is the higheſt teſtimonial at once of your merit and their eſteem. We are ſenſible, Sir, that nothing but the voice of your fellow-citizens could have called you from a retreat, choſen with the fondeſt predilection, endeared by habit, and conſecrated to the repoſe of declining years. We rejoice, and with us all America, that, in obedience to the call of our common country, you have returned once more to public life. In you all parties confide; in you all intereſts unite; and we have no doubt, that your paſt ſervices, great as they have been, will be equalled by your future exertions; and that your prudence and ſagacity as a ſtateſman will tend to avert the dangers to which we were expoſed, to give ſtability to the preſent government, and dignity and ſplendour to that country which your ſkill and valour as a ſoldier ſo eminently contributed to raiſe to independence and empire.

When we contemplate the coincidence of circumſtances, and wonderful combination of cauſes, which gradually prepared the people of this country for independence; when we contemplate the riſe, progreſs and termination, of the late war, which gave them a name among the nations of the earth, we are, with you, unavoidably led to acknowledge and adore the Great Arbiter of the univerſe, by whom empires riſe and fall. A review of the many ſignal inſtances of Divine interpoſition in favour of this country, claims our moſt pious gratitude: and permit us, Sir, to obſerve, that among the great events which have led to the formation and eſtabliſhment of a federal government, we eſteem your acceptance of the office of preſident as one of the moſt propitious and important.

In the execution of the truſt impoſed in us we ſhall endeavour to purſue that enlarged and liberal policy to which your ſpeech ſo happily directs. We are conſcious that the proſperity of each ſtate is inſeparably connected with the welfare of all, and that in promoting the latter, we ſhall effectually advance the former. In full perſuaſion of this truth, it ſhall be our invariable aid to diveſt ourſelves of local prejudices and attachments, and to view the great aſſemblage of communities and intereſts committed to our charge with an equal eye. We feel, Sir, the force, and acknowledge the juſtneſs, of the obſervation, that the foundation of our national policy ſhould be laid in private morality; if individuals be not influenced by moral principles, it is in vain to look for public virtue; it is therefore the duty of legiſlators to enforce, both by precept and example, the utility as well as the neceſſity of a ſtrict adherence to the rules of diſtributive juſtice. We beg you to be aſſured that the ſenate will at all times cheerfully co-operate in every meaſure which may ſtrengthen the union, conduce to the happineſs, or ſecure and perpetuate the liberties of this great confederated republic.

We commend you, Sir, to the protection of Almighty God, earneſtly beſeeching him long to preſerve a life ſo valuable and dear to the people of the United States, and that your adminiſtration may be proſperous to the nation and glorious to yourſelf.

Signed by order,

JOHN ADAMS, Preſident of the ſenate of the United States.

In ſenate, May 16, 1789.

To which the preſident made the following reply:

GENTLEMEN,

I thank you for your addreſs, in which the moſt affectionate ſentiments are expreſſed in the moſt obliging terms. The coincidence of circumſtances, which led to this auſpicious criſis, the confidence repoſed in me by my fellow-citizens, and the aſſiſtance I may expect from counſels which will be dictated by an enlarged and liberal policy, ſeem to preſage a more proſperous iſſue to my adminiſtration, than a diffidence of my abilities had taught me to anticipate—I now feel myſelf inexpreſſibly happy in a belief that Heaven, which has done ſo much for our infant nation, will not withdraw its providential influence before our political felicity ſhall have been completed; and in a conviction, that the ſenate will at all times co-operate in every meaſure, which may tend to promote the welfare of this confederated republic. Thus ſupported by a firm truſt in the Great Arbiter of the univerſe, aided by the collected wiſdom of the union, and imploring the the Divine benediction on our joint exertions, in the ſervice of our country, I readily engage with you in the arduous but pleaſing taſk, of attempting to make a nation happy.

G. WASHINGTON.

To be SOLD,

On the 4th day of July next enſuing,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND containing 250 acres, ſituate about three miles from Nottingham, and four from Magruder's ferry. On this land is a good dwelling houſe 30 feet ſquare, together with ſeveral other convenient out-houſes, and a fine young apple orchard. This land is noted for its early paſturage, and abounds with fiſh and fowl. Upon the payment of 250l. a good and ſufficient deed of conveyance will be given, and the remaining money in two other payments to be agreed on on the day of ſale.

The firſt payment will be on the firſt day of January next. A good and ſufficient title will be given to ſaid land, by

GEORGE GANTT,
LEONARD TOWNSEND.

Prince-George's county, June 1, 1789.

Pig-Point, May 8, 1789.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, on Saturday the 20th June, on the premiſes, if not ſold before at private ſale,

PART of a tract or parcel of LAND called BIRKHEAD's CHANCE, ſituated within two miles of this place, containing about 40 acres, whereon is a dwelling and other out-houſes, with an excellent orchard. Further particulars may be known on application to Mr. Thomas Tillard at Pig-Point, or to the ſubſcribers on the premiſes. w3

WILLIAM LAMBETH.
WILLIAM ROBERTS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the officers and soldiers of the Maryland line, that a diſtribution of land will be made to them at Upper-Marlborough, in Prince-George's county, on the firſt and ſecond of Auguſt next, agreeably to an act of aſſembly: and at the ſame time and place will be offered at PUBLIC SALE, about 1000 LOTS of LAND, of fifty acres each, for ready money or ſpecie certificates of the ſtate of Maryland. This land lies to the weſtward of Fort Cumberland. For a particular deſcription thereof apply to captain Daniel Creſap, or Mr. John Tomlinſon, who live near the ſame, by w3

DAVID LYNN,
DANIEL CRESAP,
BENJAMIN BROOKES, } Commiſſioners.

Alexandria, May 29, 1789.

THE ſubſcriber will take, as an apprentice to phyſic and ſurgery, a young MAN, who may apply well recommended. w3

JAMES CRAIK, ſenior.

Prince-George's county, June 1, 1789.

ALL perſons indebted to the late JOHN BOONE are requeſted to bring in their accounts properly authenticated to the ſubſcriber without delay.

TACITUS BOONE, Executor.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 24th day of April laſt, a negro man named WILL, 30 years of age, about ſix feet high, ſlender and ſtreight, ſharp noſe and down look. He returned on the firſt day of this inſtant, June, and in his maſter's abſence broke open his dwelling houſe, and ſtole thereout a green camblet coat, a black cloth coat, one ſpotted jacket and pair of breeches, one other jacket and pair of breeches, the colour and kind unknown, one ruffle ſhirt, and one pair black ſilk ſtockings, and again run off. He had on when he went away, a gray fearnought coat, white kerſey jacket and breeches, an oſnabrig ſhirt, an old pair of ſhoes, yarn ſtockings and a felt hat; he profeſſes himſelf to belong to Mr. Joſhua Yates. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid negro, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

1 X EZEKIEL DAVIDG.

N B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying away the ſaid negro at their peril.

Mr. GARDETTE,
DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he is obliged to go to the northward, but that he ſhall return to this city in October next. His dentifrice, carefully put up in pewter pots, may be had, with directions, at Mr. Mann's, and in future at the poſt-office in Baltimore—Price 7/6.

Annapolis, June 1, 1789. 3 X

NOTICE is hereby given, that we, the commiſſioners appointed to build a court houſe, priſon and priſon yard, at the Head of Elk, in Cæcil county, intend to petition the general aſſembly at their next ſeſſion, for a further ſum of money to be levied on the inhabitants of ſaid county, to enable us to finiſh and complete ſaid court houſe, priſon and priſon yard.

JOSEPH GILPIN,
ZEBULON HOLLINGSWORTH,
EDWARD OLDHAM,
JOSEPH BAXTER. 2

Cæcil county, May 1, 1789. w8

Purſuant to the will of RICHARD BENNETT LLOYD, Eſquire, deceaſed, the ſubſcriber will EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, on the premiſes, on Monday the 27th of July next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A PART of that very valuable TRACT of LAND called Worton Manor, in Kent county, delightfully ſituated on the Cheſapeake Bay; the ſoil of this land can be exceeded by none, being well adapted to every ſpecies of grain, tobacco and graſs; and what renders it ſtill more valuable is the immenſe quantity of fine timber growing on it of every kind, a good navigation, and well ſituated for a variety of markets.—It will be laid off into ſmall and convenient lots, and ſold on a credit of three years, by annual inſtalments. Good and approved ſecurities will be required.

t s JAMES HINDMAN, Truſtee.

Bennett's Point, Queen-Anne's county, May 5, 1789. 4

April 12, 1789.

Notice is hereby given that, in purſuance of a decree of the high court of chancery, bearing date the 6th day of April, 1789, will be EXPOSED to SALE, on Friday the 12th of June, at 12 o'clock, on the premiſes, at vendue, to the higheſt bidder,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND called KEMP's FREEHOLD, containing, by eſtimation, about 225 acres, lying in Calvert county, and now in the tenure and occupation of the ſubſcriber. One half of the purchaſe money to be paid on the day of ſale; good ſecurity to be given for the payment of the other half, to be paid in twelve months, with intereſt thereon, according to the above mentioned decree. Poſſeſſion will be delivered immediately, or the ſubſcriber will pay rent for the uſe of the land this year, at the option of the purchaſer. w6

5 FRANCIS HOLT.

N. B. If it ſhould rain on the day of ſale above mentioned, the ſale will be poſtponed to the next day.

In purſuance of a decree of the honourable the chancellor of the ſtate of Maryland, the ſubſcriber will EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, on the premiſes, the following property, lying in Queen-Anne's county, and Cheſter-town.

A TRACT of LAND called Darland, containing ſeventeen hundred and fifty acres, about four miles from Cheſter mill; one other TRACT of LAND called Lloyd's-town, containing one thouſand acres, about the ſame diſtance from the Head of Cheſter River. Theſe lands are well adapted to farming, and will be laid off into ſmall and convenient lots; alſo ſundry LOTS in Cheſter-town. The terms of the ſale will be one third part of the purchaſe money, with intereſt thereon, from the day of ſale, to be paid in one year from the ſaid ſale; one other third part of the ſaid purchaſe money, with intereſt thereon from the day of ſale, to be paid in two years from the ſaid ſale, and the reſidue of the ſaid purchaſe money, and intereſt thereon from the day of ſale, to be paid in three years from the ſaid ſale, with good and approved ſecurity; and upon full payment of the ſaid purchaſe money and intereſt, the ſubſcriber will execute to the purchaſer or purchaſers thereof, good and effectual conveyances of the ſame in fee-ſimple. The ſale of Darland will commence on Monday, the 20th day of July next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at Mr. James Harriſs's, tenant on the land; Lloyd's-town on Wedneſday the 22d following, if fair, if not the next fair day, at Mr. Edward Heathers's, living on the premiſes; and the lots in Cheſter-town, on Friday the 24th of the ſame month. t s

JAMES HINDMAN, Truſtee.

Bennett's Point, Queen-Anne's county, May 5, 1789. 4

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, from Waſhington county court, to me directed, will be SOLD, by PUBLIC SALE, on the premiſes, on Monday the 15th of June next,

A TRACT of LAND called PART of the RESURVEY on WELL DONE, lying and being in the county aforeſaid, within about ſix miles of the town of Sharpſburgh, containing one hundred and ſeventy-three acres, more or leſs, with convenient buildings and other neceſſary improvements thereon; ſeized and taken in execution as the property of Andrew Brautner, at the ſuit of Nicholas Sheffer.

3 X DANIEL STULL, Sheriff.

Waſhington county, May 9, 1789. w3

Calvert county, May 19, 1789.

On Monday the 15th day of June next will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at Prince-Frederick-town, in Calvert county, for ready money,

A NEGRO MAN, named CHARLES, committed to my cuſtody as a runaway, on the 6th of January laſt. The ſaid negro to be ſold for the purpoſe of diſcharging his priſon fees.

3 X JOHN BROOKE, Sheriff.

ST. JOHN's COLLEGE.

AT a meeting of the viſitors and governors of SAINT JOHN's COLLEGE, the ſubſcribers were appointed a committee, with adequate powers, for ſuperintending and carrying on the building, and were directed particularly to have therein two rooms finiſhed and prepared, with all convenient diſpatch, for the purpoſe of opening a mathematical and a grammar ſchool, under a profeſſor for each.

The ſaid committee was requeſted to advertiſe, that the viſitors having already appointed John M'Dowell, A. M. profeſſor of mathematics, have determined to appoint, at their enſuing quarterly meeting, on Tueſday the 11th of Auguſt next, a profeſſor of languages, to receive, in quarterly payments, for his ſervices, a ſalary of 300l. per annum, to commence one calendar month before the opening of his ſchool, in conſideration of his advice and aſſiſtance in preparing for the ſame.

This is therefore to give notice, that the ſubſcribers have entered upon the diſcharge of their truſt; and to requeſt all perſons qualified for and deſirous of being appointed to the profeſſorſhip of languages in the ſaid college, on the terms aforeſaid, to make application, either in perſon or by writing, to the viſitors at their ſaid next quarterly meeting, or in the mean time to make application to the ſubſcribers.

JAMES BRICE,
CHARLES WALLACE,
RICHARD SPRIGG,
THOMAS HYDE,
THOMAS HARWOOD.

2

Annapolis, May 25, 1789.

Dr. FREDERICK RAPP,

From STRASBURG.

Late from PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he now reſides in this city, and preſents himſelf to the ſervice of all who may pleaſe to employ him as DOCTOR of PHYSIC, SURGERY and MID WIFERY. As he has by long experience (being more than twenty years in the army) became well acquainted with the practic part of the different branches, as well as the theory, he hopes to be a uſeful member of community. As the doctor has effected many cures of the cancer, and is particularly well acquainted with that diſeaſe, and has credentials for his ſuperior abilities in curing all cancers, whether internal or external, he hopes to be of ſervice to all who may make application to him for his preſcriptions. w3

N. B. There is now, in this city, ſome on whom he has been ſucceſsful enough to effect a cure, though thought beyond all hope. The doctor has medicine for practice.

3 X

Charles county, May 23, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed, from Charles county court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 6th day of June next, on the premiſes, for ready merchantable freſh inſpected crop tobacco,

A LOT of LAND in Charles-town, commonly called Port-Tobacco, with the improvements thereon, and on which Mr. Matthew Blair now lives; taken in execution and to be ſold to ſatisfy a debt due from Rachel Forry, late of Charles county, deceaſed, to Patrick Maguire.

2 X THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff.

NEGROES FOR SALE.

By virtue of a deed of truſt from Mr. GAVIN H. SMITH, to us, the ſubſcribers, will be SOLD, at VENDUE, at the dwelling of ſaid Smith, on Thurſday the 11th day of June next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A PARCEL of VALUABLE NEGROES, conſiſting of women, lads, boys and girls. A credit will be given with proper ſecurity, which will be made known on the day of ſale.

2 X W. ALLEIN, J. WILKINSON, } Truſtees.

Calvert county, April 20, 1789.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of Mr. JOHN JOHNSON, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in properly authenticated, and thoſe indebted to the eſtate are moſt earneſtly called on to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, that he may be quickly enabled to diſcharge the claims againſt the eſtate. The very great indulgence which the debtors generally have experienced from the deceaſed, will, I hope, induce many to pay the proper attention to this advertiſement; thoſe who neglect may depend that ſuits will be inſtituted againſt them to November court, without reſpect to perſons.

10 ROBERT JOHNSON, Adminiſtrator.

PUBLIC SALE of the following valuable real eſtates.

To be SOLD, in virtue of a decree from the honourable the chancery court of Maryland, on Monday the 22d day of June next, at the auction room in Baltimore-town, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

ALL the real eſtate of WILLIAM NEILL, deceaſed, conſiſting of the following TRACTS of LAND and LOTS of GROUND, &c. &c.

All that TRACT of LAND called Privilege or Worthington's Iſland, containing two hundred and fifty acres of land, more or leſs; all that TRACT of LAND called Watkins's Neck, containing forty-nine acres and an half of land, more or leſs; all that TRACT of LAND called Bagford's Fortune, containing ſeventy-five acres and one quarter of land, more or leſs. The above three tracts of land are ſituate on the Bay, in Patapſco Neck, about fifteen miles from Baltimore-town, and lie contiguous to each other, and are remarkably valuable for the great quantity of graſs which they produce; all that TRACT of LAND called Induſtry, about one and an half miles diſtant from the former three tracts, containing one hundred and forty-two acres of land, more or leſs; on this latter tract is erected a dwelling-houſe and ſundry other buildings, particularly a large and ſpacious brick barn; all that TRACT of LAND called Brown's Farm, containing two hundred and ſeventy-nine acres, more or leſs, near James Gittings, Eſquire's, in Baltimore county; on this valuable farm there are a great variety of fruit, and a large quantity of meadow now in graſs, and it is well adapted to raiſing wheat, Indian-corn, &c. &c. the buildings on it are commodious and valuable; all that extenſive LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Jones's Falls, on which is erected a brick dwelling-houſe; the ſaid lot is incloſed, and is in high culture as a garden; it is lots No. 26 and 27, according to the plot of Baltimore-town; and alſo one moiety and half part of two other LOTS or PARCELS of GROUND, diſtinguiſhed on ſaid plot by the numbers 28 and 29; all that valuable WATER LOT on Fell's-Point, being part of lots No. 53 and 54, as deſcribed on the plot of Fell's-Point; on this lot there are a valuable warehouſe, a wooden dwelling-houſe, and a brick dwelling-houſe, and alſo a wharf and ſundry other improvements, erected; alſo all that LOT of GROUND, deſcribed on the plot of Baltimore-town by the No. 568, ſituate on the Head of the Baſon, whereon are erected a valuable brick warehouſe and wharf.

The whole of the above property will be ſet up ſeparately, and ſold to the higheſt bidder.—The purchaſer or purchaſers to give bond with approved ſecurity for intereſt, payable at one year, eighteen months, and two years, one third at each payment. Plots of the lots will be exhibited at the day of ſale, and a more particular enumeration of the terms of ſale, by

HERCULES COURTENAY, Truſtee.

Baltimore-town, May 4, 1789. 4 7w

Baltimore-town, May 4, 1789.

THE ſubſcriber alſo gives further notice, that all and every perſon or perſons in anywiſe indebted to the eſtate of WILLIAM NEILL, deceaſed, are prohibited by decree of the honourable chancery court of Maryland, from paying Thomas M'Intire, and Iſabella his wife, or either of them, any ſum or ſums of money on account of the ſaid eſtate, or tranſacting any buſineſs with them, or either of them, on account of ſaid William Neill's executors, until the honourable chancellor ſhall otherwiſe direct; to this notice all perſons concerned are requeſted to attend and act accordingly. 7w

4 HERCULES COURTENAY, acting executor of William Neill.

CASH,

For Continental Loan Office, Depreciation, or Final Settlement Certificates, and Indents.

Such as want Depreciation or other Certificates to pay for Property purchased of the State, may be supplied at any Time, & with any particular Amount wanted, for Cash, by

tf *James Williams.*

For SALE or BARTER.

A Quantity of Land in Patents, from 250 to 1000 Acres, situate in Bottstourt and Monongahela Counties, Virginia, will be sold very low for Cash, Produce, any kind of Certificates or Indents, good Bonds, Land, or other Property in the State of Maryland. For Terms apply to

3 *J. W.*

Annapolis, May 12.

RAN away from the subscriber, a young NERGO MAN, called DAVY, on the 13th of March, 1789; his dress is an osnabrig shirt, and cotton waistcoat and breeches; it is probable he will change his dress as he has other cloaths; he is an artful, deceiving fellow, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and stole a large sum of money two or three days before he went off: it is thought he is gone off with his overseer, ROBERT JACKSON, who is gone away with Joshua Pearce's wife. Whoever takes up and secures the said negro, shall be entitled to EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

tf 11 ELIZABETH RAWLINGS.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD,

At the PRINTING-OFFICE,

Price One Dollar,

THE

LAWS

OF

MARYLAND,

PASSED AT

NOVEMBER SESSION,

Seventeen Hundred and Eighty-Eight.

ALSO,

THE

VOTES and PROCEEDINGS

OF

BOTH HOUSES 17

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

St. Mary's county, April 29, 1789.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of TOWNSHEND EDEN, Esquire, late of the county aforesaid, deceased, are hereby requested to take notice, that we have appointed Tuesday 16th of June next to meet the creditors at Chaptico, in Saint Mary's county, for the purpose of making a just dividend of the estate in our hands, and we request, if there remain any claims not exhibited to us, that the same may be delivered to us before that day, or they will be excluded the intended distribution. Walter Stone will attend at Chaptico on Monday the 15th June, to receive any communications the creditors may wish to make.

6w

BETTY ANNE EDEN, Administratrix.
WALTER STONE, Administrator, of
TOWNSHEND EDEN, Esquire.

FRIENDSHIP,

A HANDSOME full bred horse, stands this season at the subscriber's plantation, in Prince-George's county, about seven miles from Bladensburg, and the same distance from Snowden's works, and will cover mares at six dollars each; he is a good sorrel, full fifteen hands high, with length and bone in proportion, and is six years old; he was bred by William Mitchel, Esquire, of Virginia, and was got by Apollo, the property of colonel Henry Lee, out of an imported full bred mare. Apollo was got by general Sportswood's noted Apollo. FRIENDSHIP has run two matches, and won both easy. Few horses in this state are equal to him in beauty and form. He covers at half price, owing to the scarcity of cash.

tf CHARLES DUVALL.

N. B. Thirty-five shillings will be received if the money be paid by the first day of September next.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's quarter in Loudon county, early in last month, a negro man named GEORGE, he is about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, his nostrils are remarkably wide, he sometimes complains of a wart on the bottom of one of his feet, which makes him a little lame; he is a likely sensible fellow: He had on a green jacket and overalls, osnabrig shirt, an old hat, shoes and stockings, and took with him a Dutch blanket, a blue broad cloth coat and breeches, a blue jacket without sleeves, and sundry other cloaths—He has been seen near this town since he ran away. Whoever will apprehend the aforesaid negro, and deliver him to the subscriber, or secure him in any gaol, so that he may be got again, shall receive the above reward, and if taken out of this state and brought home, all charges paid.

PHILIP R. FENDALL.

Alexandria, Sept. 30, 1788. 16

Annapolis, February 18, 1789.

For SALE,

A PLANTATION, on the north side of Severn river, containing about 400 acres, under good fencing, bounding on the river Severn, about five miles distant from Annapolis, with a very good framed dwelling house, with brick ends and cellar, and very convenient out houses thereon, an orchard of excellent young fruit trees.

A description of the soil, wood, timber and situation, are thought unnecessary, as no person would purchase who would not examine the premises. This property will be sold for any state or continental securities, good assigned bonds, or six years credit on bond with security, upon the regular payment of interest at five per cent. per annum. Apply to

15 JAMES RINGGOLD.

A VENDUE STORE.

IN the house formerly occupied by the late Mr. JOHN JOHNSON, the subscriber to sell by auction (on a low commission) takes in STORE and HOUSEHOLD GOODS of every description. As the situation of the house is in every respect calculated for the business, which, together with his utmost exertions to render every satisfaction on his part, by his punctuality, secrecy, and that dispatch which circumstances will admit of, he hopes to merit the approbation of a discerning public,

"Who am their's,
Much devoted to please,
MICHAEL SHANNON.

N. B. The days of sale will be on Wednesdays and Saturdays, and goods taken in at any time.

Annapolis, May 4, 1789. 6

Six Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber yesterday morning, a negro man named NED, about five feet four or five inches high, and about thirty years of age; had on and took with him a white yarn jacket, one crocus shirt, one osnabrig ditto, an old pair of corduroy breeches, patched behind with a piece of country made white cloth, a pair of white yarn stockings, old shoes, and an old wool hat. Whoever takes up and secures said negro, in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by DANIEL SMITH, jun.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying off said negro, as they will answer it at their peril.

Montgomery county, May 7, 1789. 3X

ALL persons having claims against the estate of BALDWIN LUSBY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to bring them in legally proved, and those indebted to said estate are earnestly desired to make payment and prevent trouble.

3X ROBERT LUSBY, Executor.

To be SOLD, on the 9th day of June, at the late plantation of GEORGE SNELL, deceased,

SIX valuable SLAVES, one a good carpenter and wheelwright, a waggon almost new, a timber carriage, four teams, and other things too tedious to mention; short credit will be given with good security. Also to be rented, a SAW-MILL, where there is plenty of timber to be sawed; this mill may be had on easy terms, by applying to

3X HELLEN SCOTT, Administratrix.

PROPOSALS,

For Printing by Subscription,

BY

ISAAC COLLINS,

IN TRENTON,

THE

HOLY BIBLE,

CONTAINING

The OLD and NEW TESTAMENT;

WITH THE

Apocrypha and Marginal Notes.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work, to be contained in one large volume, Quarto, of nine hundred and eighty-four pages, will be reprinted page for page with the Oxford edition, on a beautiful new type, and good paper. An index will be added; and also the Scripture measures, weights and coins.

II. The price to subscribers, for the volume, well bound, four Spanish dollars; one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, the remainder on delivery of the book.

III. The work to be put to press as soon as three thousand copies shall be subscribed for, and to be finished without delay.

The Editor has been encouraged, by a number of respectable characters, to offer the above proposals to the public, under a conviction that a handsome American edition of the Bible, in Quarto, will, at this time, be both seasonable and acceptable, as no part of the money will go out of the country.

This consideration, it is hoped, will be an inducement to subscribe, and of course promote the more frequent reading of this most invaluable book in private families. He therefore wishes to attract the attention, and obtain the countenance of people of all denominations; not doubting but that, in the execution of the work, he will be able to give ample satisfaction, both as to its accuracy and neatness.

Subscriptions will be received by Hugh Gaine and Edmund Prior, New-York; by Joseph Crukshank and William Young, Philadelphia; by Townsend and Patton, Baltimore; and by the editor in Trenton.

It is requested, that the leading characters of all the different denominations of Christians in the United States, who may feel disposed to promote this undertaking, will, as early as may be, grant their assistance in procuring subscriptions--and that the several printers of news-papers in the union will be pleased to insert the above proposals in their papers.

To all whom it may concern.

☞ Mr. Isaac Collins has, for many years last past, been, and still is, printer to the state of New-Jersey. Having by this means had the more frequent opportunities to see his work, I have had abundant proof of the accuracy and correctness of his publications, as well as of his remarkable attention to business.

WIL. LIVINGSTON.

Trenton, 11th September, 1788. 30

To be LEASED,

SEVERAL LOTS of GROUND in this city, on the Church circle, and the streets called Tabernacle-street, opposite Mr. James Ringgold's, and Lawyer's-street, opposite Mr. John Callahan's. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber.

JAMES STEUART.

April 17, 789. 17

May 9, 1789.

ON the application of the trustees of ROBERT CRAIG, the 1st day of January next is limitted and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors of the said Robert Craig, to bring in and declare their respective claims to the said trustees, that the same may be on that day liquidated and adjusted; due notice thereof to be published in Mr. Green's and Mr. Goddard's news-papers.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
4 w6 Reg. Cur. Can.

May 15, 1789.

THERE is at the dwelling plantation of the reverend Mr. ADDISON, in Prince-George's county, two stray STEERS, about four years old, marked with a crop, a slit and an under-bit, in the right ear, and a hole in the left, appraised to five pounds. The owner may have them by proving his property and paying charges.

w3

3X C. THOMPSON, Overseer.

A PRIVATE

BOARDING-HOUSE,

AND

ACCOMMODATIONS

FOR

GENTLEMEN TRAVELLERS,

KEPT BY

MARGARET SYMMER.

Upper-Marlborough, May 13, 1789. 2

ANNAPOLIS:
PRINTED by FREDERICK and
SAMUEL GREEN.